



RODILON[®]

Wheat Tech

Rodenticide

Use Biocides Safely and Sustainably.

Not for sale to the general public.

It is illegal to use this product for uses or in a manner other than that prescribed on this label.



FOR PROFESSIONAL USERS WITH DEMONSTRATED COMPETENCE

A ready to use grain bait – whole wheat containing Difethialone (0.0025% w/w) for use as a single-feed rodenticide (PT14), for the control of rats and mice indoors and outdoors – around buildings for the protection of public health, stored products and materials.



To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.

Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence.

Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice for guidance.

When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.



Proof of competence: Professional users must present their professional number such as herd/flock number at point of sale to purchase this product for use only as specified on this label.

This product should only be used in accordance with a code of best practice such as the CRRU Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Rodent Control and Safe Use of Rodenticides. Follow any additional instructions in that code of best practice.

Safety information.

Rodilon[®] WHEAT TECH

Contains 0.0025% w/w (25 mg/kg) (CAS No. 104653-34-1) Difethialone.

Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Do not breathe dust.

Avoid release to the environment.

Get medical advice if you feel unwell.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with instructions for use.

UFI : 2X00-G038-P00J-F1XR

GB-2011-0049-0001, NI-2011-0049-0001, IE/BPA 70569-001



WARNING

10 kg

- ✓ High palatability
- ✓ Ideal for general baiting
- ✓ Economical pack



Rodilone® WHEAT TECH is a highly potent anticoagulant mixed whole wheat grain bait for use indoors and outdoors (around buildings) only in areas including agricultural, domestic, commercial, food factories, public services, municipal and industrial buildings.

The cereal used in this formulation is the highest quality wheat which increases rodent consumption, even in the most difficult treatment environments.

This, combined with the "turbo impregnation" technology used in production, delivers Rodilone® WHEAT TECH its extreme palatability and overall superior performance.

Turbo impregnation: Each grain is coated and impregnated through its core.

This gives the following benefits over other rodenticides:

- Enhanced mice control (Mice remove the exterior of the grain and eat the middle).

- Significantly increased rat control due to more consistent coverage of each grain.

- Minimal dust, reducing exposure to the user.

- No germination during storage or use.

Rodilone® WHEAT TECH controls:

House Mice (*Mus musculus*), Norway/Brown Rats (*Rattus norvegicus*) and Black Rats (*Rattus rattus*) including all known resistant strains to other anti-coagulant baits.

This product contains a bittering agent and a dye.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it.

Tamper-resistant bait stations must be:

Strong enough to prevent entry or destruction by dogs.

Strong enough to prevent entry or destruction by children under six years of age using hands, feet or objects reasonably expected to be available in the use area (e.g. household objects, toys etc).

Lockable or sealable so that children and dogs cannot gain access through the opening or mechanisms used to fill the bait compartments. Use of a pre-baiting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation. Consider preventive control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drinking sources as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinfestation.

Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve.

The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of control.

APPLICATION:

Baiting for Mice: Place up to 50 g of bait in tamper-resistant bait stations, for distance between baiting points see specific country requirements in the tables (UK: APPLICATION TABLE and IE: APPLICATION TABLE), in areas where mice are active (e.g. wherever damage, droppings or evidence of mice activity has been found). Mice feed sporadically and will consume small quantities from numerous feeding points.

Baiting for Rats: Place up to 200 g of bait in tamper-resistant bait stations, for distance between baiting points see specific country requirements in the tables (UK: APPLICATION TABLE and IE: APPLICATION TABLE), in areas where rats are active (e.g. nesting areas, on rodent runs, along walls and where evidence of droppings have been found). Rats will often consume from a single feeding point.

Wear protective chemical resistant gloves (EN374) during product handling phase.

Place the bait in the baiting point by using a dosage utensil that can be wiped down after application to minimize dust creation.

Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures.

Bait stations should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously observed (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc).

Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station.

Place the product out of the reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals and other non-target animals.

Place the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these.

Outdoor – around buildings

Protect bait from atmospheric conditions. Place the baiting points in areas not liable to flooding.

Replace any bait in baiting points in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.

When placing bait directly close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

UK ONLY

UK: APPLICATION TABLE

Depending on the target rodent and the level of infestation, apply the dose indicated in the table of uses and respect the distance between baiting points

Target organism	Dose	Distance between baiting points – tamper resistant bait stations or covered and protected baiting points	
		Level of infestation	Indoor / Outdoor (Around buildings)
Mice	Up to 50 g	High	1 – 1.5 m
		Low	2 – 3 m
Rats	Up to 200 g	High	4 – 5 m
		Low	8 – 10 m

Bait stations must be clearly labelled with the following information: UK "do not move or open," contains a rodenticide," "Rodilone® WHEAT TECH or GB-2011-0049-0001 - NI-2011-0049-0001," "Difethialone" and "in case of accident call a poison centre".

UK ONLY COVERED AND PROTECTED BAITING POINTS:

In the UK, the bait can also be used in covered and protected baiting points. For outdoor use, baiting points must be covered and placed in strategic sites to minimize the exposure to non-target species.

Do not wash the bait stations or utensils used in covered and protected bait points with water between applications.

UK FOLLOW UP AND DISPOSAL

The frequency of visits to the treated area should be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the outset of the treatment. That frequency should be consistent with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice.

At the end of the treatment, dispose of uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with local requirements. Use of gloves is recommended. In the UK poisoned rodents may be disposed of by the waste producer at an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency: <http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk> or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

IRELAND ONLY

IRELAND: APPLICATION TABLE

Target organism	Dose	Field of Use	Distance between baiting points – tamper resistant bait stations
Mice	Up to 50 g	Indoor / Outdoor (Around buildings)	1 – 1.5 m
Rats	Up to 200 g		4 – 5 m

Bait stations must be clearly labelled with the following information: IRELAND "do not move or open," contains a rodenticide," "Rodilone®

WHEAT TECH, IE/BPA 70569-001," "Difethialone" and "in case of accident call the National Poisons Information Centre on (01) 809 2166".

IRELAND ONLY: When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated should be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.

Do not use baits containing anticoagulant active substances as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities.

IRELAND FOLLOW UP AND DISPOSAL

The bait stations should be visited (for mice - at least every 2 to 3 days, for rats - every 5 to 7 days) after the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.

Using this product should eliminate rodents within 35 days. In case of suspected lack of efficacy by the end of the treatment (i.e. rodent activity is still observed), the user should seek advice from the product supplier or call a pest control service.

At the end of the treatment, dispose of uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with EPA requirements. Use of gloves is recommended. Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements, using one of the following methods of disposal (in order of preference): via an on-site or on-farm small carcass incinerator, with the site's or farm's domestic waste; in the site's or farm's normal non-hazardous waste; or by burial on-site, but away from sensitive areas.

UK and IE

GENERAL FOLLOW UP AND DISPOSAL

Because of their delayed mode of action, anticoagulant rodenticides take from 4 to 10 days to be effective after consumption of the bait. If bait uptake is low relative to the apparent size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait points to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation.

If after a treatment period of 35 days baits continue to be consumed and no decline in rodent activity is observed, the likely cause must be determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant rodenticide.

Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure. Remove the remaining product at the end of treatment period.

Do not wash the bait stations with water between applications.

To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice.

Poison Information:

For 24 hour emergency information contact +442038073798

UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice.

For IE information or to report a poisoning incident contact The National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin (01-8092166), retain the label for reference.

Safety data sheet available upon request.

Authorisation Holder: for GB De Sangosse Ltd, registered in England and Wales, company number 2871017, registered office at De Sangosse Ltd, De Sangosse House, Goodwin Business Park, Willie Snaith Road, Newmarket, Suffolk, CB8 7SQ
For IE and NI: LIPHATECH S.A.S. - Bonnel CS10005 - 7480 Pont-du-Casse - France.

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Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bare hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs when disposing them. Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements.

SAFETY INFORMATION

Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign in accordance with the code of best practice.

When using the product do not eat drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product.

Do not use this product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities.

Do not use this product in pulsed baiting treatments.

Do not apply this product directly in the burrows.

Hazardous to wildlife. Dangerous for dogs and cats.

STORAGE

Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Keep the container closed and away from direct sunlight. Store in places prevented from the access of children, birds, pets and farm animals.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Do not use in areas where resistance to the active substance is suspected. Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment.

Do not rotate the use of different anticoagulants with comparable or weaker potency for resistance management purposes. For rotational use, consider using a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, if available, or a more potent anticoagulant.

FIRST AID

This product contains an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding gums. In severe cases, there may be bruising and blood present in the faeces or urine.

In case of:

Dermal exposure: wash skin with water and then with water and soap. Eye exposure: rinse eyes with eyes-rinse liquid or water, keep eyes lids open at least 10 minutes.

Oral exposure: rinse mouth carefully with water. Never give anything by mouth to unconscious person. Do not provoke vomiting. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's container label.

Contact a vet in case of ingestion by a pet.

Note to Physician: Antidote: Vitamin K₁ administered by medical/veterinary personnel only.



Date of expiry / Batch number: see the pack